STATE OF SO	UTH CAROLINA)	:	
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b			PUBLIC SERVICE COMMI OF SOUTH CAROLIN	
In Re:		,	Or booth chicolais	(2 k
A	v of Page Dates	j ,	COVER SHEET	
For Fuel Costs	v of Base Rates)		
	Carolinas, LLC)	DOCKET	
)	NUMBER: 2008-3-E	
)		
		.)		
(Please type or print)			
Submitted by:	Bonnie D. Shealy		SC Bar Number: 11125	
Address:		den & Moore, P.C.	Felephone: (803) 779-890	00
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	Columbia, SC 22		Other:	
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NOTE: The cover s	heet and information con	ntained herein neither replaces	nor supplements the filing and service of	of pleadings or other papers
		or use by the Public Service Con	mmission of South Carolina for the pur	pose of docketing and must
be filled out comple		A CYTEMBIA DIBAT		
			RMATION (Check all that apply	
Emergency R	telief demanded in pe	tition	item to be placed on Commission	rs Agenda expeditiously
Other: Tes	timony of Ronald A	A. Jones		
		1	DE OE ACTION (Charle all the	4
INDUSTRY (C	neck one)	NATU	RE OF ACTION (Check all tha	appry)
Electric		☐ Affidavit	Letter	Request
Electric/Gas		Agreement	Memorandum	Request for Certificatio
☐ Electric/Teleco	mmunications	Answer	☐ Motion	Request for Investigation
☐ Electric/Water		Appellate Review	☐ Objection	Resale Agreement
☐ Electric/Water/	Telecom.	☐ Application	Petition	Resale Amendment
☐ Electric/Water/	Sewer	Brief	☐ Petition for Reconsideration	Reservation Letter
Gas		Certificate	Petition for Rulemaking	Response
Railroad		Comments	Petition for Rule to Show Cause	Response to Discovery
Sewer		Complaint	Petition to Intervene	Return to Petition
Telecommunic	ations	Consent Order	Petition to Intervene Out of Time	Stipulation
Transportation		Discovery	Prefiled Testimony	Subpoena
Water		Exhibit	Promotion	☐ Tariff
☐ Water/Sewer		Expedited Consideration	Proposed Order	Other:
Administrative	Matter	☐ Interconnection Agreement		
Other:		Interconnection Amendmen		
	·	Late-Filed Exhibit	Report	
		Into Into Danion		

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA DOCKET NO. 2008-3-E

In the Matter of:)
Annual Review of Base Rates for Fuel Costs for Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC	TESTIMONY OF RONALD A. JONES

PUBLIC VERSION

CONFIDENTIAL, PROPRIETARY INFORMATION REDACTED

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME,	ADDRESS AND	POSITION.
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- 2 A. My name is Ronald A. Jones. My business address is 526 South Church Street,
- 3 Charlotte, North Carolina. I am Senior Vice President, Nuclear Operations for Duke
- 4 Power Company LLC d/b/a Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC ("Duke Energy Carolinas"
- 5 or the "Company").

6 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR PRESENT RESPONSIBILITIES AT DUKE ENERGY

7 CAROLINAS?

- 8 A. As Senior Vice President of Nuclear Operations, I am responsible for providing
- 9 direct oversight for the day-to-day safe and reliable operation of all three Duke
- 10 Energy Carolinas-operated nuclear stations Oconee, McGuire and Catawba. This
- includes providing direction for operations, security, safety, engineering,
- maintenance, radiation protection, chemistry, etc. In addition, in February 2008, I
- assumed responsibility for the nuclear fleet support and major projects
- 14 organizations.

15 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND

- 16 **PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.**
- 17 A. I graduated from Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University in Blacksburg,
- 18 Virginia with a Bachelor of Science degree in electrical engineering. I am a member
- of the American Nuclear Society and the Institute of Electrical and Electronic
- 20 Engineers; I am Chairman of the Pressurized Water Reactors Owners Group
- 21 Executive Management Group and Executive Committee; I am Chairman of the
- 22 Carolinas Nuclear Cluster; and I am an executive member of the Nuclear Energy
- Institute Nuclear Security and Workforce Working Groups. I am also a current

1		member of the Board of Directors for Junior Achievement of the Central Carolina
2		and the Lake Norman Charter School. I began my career at Duke Energy Carolina
3		(formerly known as Duke Power Company) in 1980 as an engineer at Catawba
4		Nuclear Station. I received my senior operator license in 1987. After a series o
5		promotions, I was named Manager, Maintenance Engineering in 1988
6		Superintendent, Instrument and Electrical in 1991; Superintendent, Operations
7		McGuire Nuclear Station in 1994; Station Manager, Catawba Nuclear Station in
8	•	1997; and Station Manager, Oconee Nuclear Station in 2001. I was named Vice
9		President, Oconee Nuclear Station in 2002. I was named to Senior Vice President of
10		Nuclear Operations in January 2006.
11	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS
12		PROCEEDING?
13	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to discuss the performance of Duke Energy
14		Carolinas' nuclear generation fleet during the July 2007 through May 2008 actual
5		period under review and describe changes forthcoming in the June 2008 through
.6		September 2009 forecast period.
7	Q.	YOUR TESTIMONY INCLUDES 3 EXHIBITS. WERE THESE EXHIBITS
.8		PREPARED BY YOU OR AT YOUR DIRECTION AND UNDER YOUR
.9		SUPERVISION?
20	A.	Yes. These exhibits were prepared at my direction and under my supervision.
21	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE A DESCRIPTION OF THE EXHIBITS.

The exhibits and descriptions are as follows:

22

1		Jones Exhibit 1 - Calculation of the nuclear capacity factor for the actual
2		period pursuant to SC Code Ann. § 58-27-865
-3		Jones Exhibit 2 - Nuclear outage data for the actual period
4		Jones Exhibit 3 - Nuclear outage data for the forecast period
5	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS' NUCLEAR
6		GENERATION PORTFOLIO.
7	A.	Duke Energy Carolinas' nuclear generation portfolio consists of approximately
8		5,000 MWs of generating capacity, made up as follows:
9		Oconee Nuclear Station - 2,538 MWs
10		McGuire Nuclear Station - 2,200 MWs
11		Catawba Nuclear Station - 282 MWs (Duke Energy Carolinas' 12.5%
12		ownership of the Catawba Nuclear Plant)
13	Q.	MR. JONES, PLEASE PROVIDE A GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF DUKE
14		ENERGY CAROLINAS' NUCLEAR GENERATION ASSETS.
15	A.	Duke Energy Carolinas' nuclear fleet consists of three generating stations with
16		seven generation units. Oconee Nuclear Station, located in Oconee County, South
17		Carolina, began commercial operation in 1973 and was the first nuclear station
18		designed, built and operated by Duke Energy Carolinas. It has the distinction of
19		being the second nuclear station in the country to have its license renewed by the
20		Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC"). The operating licenses for Oconee 1, 2,
21		and 3, originally issued for 40 years, were renewed for an additional 20 years until
22		2033, 2033 and 2034, respectively. McGuire Nuclear Station, located in
23		Mecklenburg County, North Carolina began commercial operation in 1981. Duke

Energy Carolinas Joinery Owns the Catawoa Nuclear Station, located on Baile Wyne
in York County, South Carolina, with North Carolina Municipal Power Agency
Number One ("NCMPA"), North Carolina Electric Membership Corporation
("NCEMC"), Piedmont Municipal Power Agency ("PMPA") and Saluda River
Electric Cooperative, Inc. ("Saluda River"). In 2003, the NRC renewed the licenses
for McGuire and Catawba, extending operations until 2041 (McGuire 1) and 2043
(McGuire 2, Catawba 1 and 2). In December 2006, the Company and NCEMC
announced agreements to purchase Saluda River's ownership interest in unit 1 of
Catawba Nuclear Station subject to approval by various state and federal agencies.
The Commission approved the amendment to the Certificate of Environmental
Compatibility and Public Convenience and Necessity (the "Certificate") for the
Catawba station to reflect the transfer of Saluda River's interest to Duke Energy
Carolinas and NCEMC by Order No. 2008-468 in Docket No. 2008-117-E.
Following the planned October 2008 closing of the purchase, Duke Energy
Carolinas ownership interest in the Catawba station will increase from 12.5% to
19.35% (282 MW to 437 MW). The Company's nuclear fleet supplied almost half
of the power used by its customers during the actual period.
WHAT ARE THE COMPANY'S OBJECTIVES IN THE OPERATION OF
ITS NUCLEAR GENERATION ASSETS?
The primary objective of Duke Energy Carolinas' nuclear generation department is
to provide safe, reliable and cost-effective electricity to our Carolinas customers.
This objective is achieved though our focus in a number of key areas. Operations

personnel and other station employees are well-trained and execute their

Q.

1		responsibilities to the highest standards, in accordance with detailed procedures. We		
2		maintain station equipment and systems reliably, and ensure timely implementation		
3		of work plans and projects that enhance the performance of systems, equipment and		
4		personnel. Station refueling outages are conducted through the precise execution of		
5		well-planned, quality work activities, which effectively ready the plant for operation		
6		until the next planned outage.		
7	Q.	MR. JONES, PLEASE DISCUSS THE PERFORMANCE OF THE		
8		COMPANY'S NUCLEAR GENERATING SYSTEM DURING THE		
9		ACTUAL PERIOD UNDER REVIEW OF JULY 2007 THROUGH MAY		
10		2008.		
11	A.	During the actual period, all three of Duke Energy Carolinas' nuclear stations		
12		continued to be recognized by INPO for excellence in nuclear plant performance.		
13		The Electric Power Research Institute has ranked Catawba Nuclear Station as the		
14		third most thermally efficient nuclear power plant in the United States. In 2007,		
15		Catawba Unit 2 had the fourth lowest heat rate in the country and Catawba Unit 1		
16		came in fifth with heat rates of 9,529 Btu per kWh and 9,533 Btu per kWh,		
17		respectively. The Company's 2007 nuclear system total capacity factor was 92.36		
18		percent which was the third highest capacity factor in fleet history. In addition,		
19		Oconee Unit 1, McGuire Unit 2 and Catawba Unit 1 set capacity factor records of		
20		98.98 percent, 103.44 percent and 101.83 percent, respectively.		
21		The Company's nuclear plants operated extremely well during the actual		
22		period. Jones Exhibit 1 sets forth the achieved nuclear capacity factor for the period		

1		July 2007 through May 2008 based on the criteria set forth in Section 58-27-865,
2		Code of Laws of South Carolina. The statute states in pertinent part as follows:
3 4 5 6 7 8 9		There shall be a rebuttable presumption that an electrical utility made every reasonable effort to minimize cost associated with the operation of its nuclear generation facility or system, as applicable, if the utility achieved a net capacity factor of ninety-two and one-half percent or higher during the period under review. The calculation of the net capacity factor shall exclude reasonable outage time
0		As shown on Jones Exhibit 1, Duke Energy Carolinas achieved a net nuclear
1		capacity factor, excluding reasonable outage time, of 102.74% for the current period
12		under review. This capacity factor is well above the 92.5% set forth in S.C. Code §
13		58-27-865.
14	Q.	PLEASE DISCUSS OUTAGES OCCURING AT THE COMPANY'S
15		NUCLEAR FACILITIES DURING THE JULY 2007 THROUGH MAY 2008
16		ACTUAL PERIOD.
17	A.	In general, refueling requirements, maintenance requirements, prudent maintenance
17	A.	In general, refueling requirements, maintenance requirements, prudent maintenance practices and NRC operating requirements impact the availability of the Company's
	A.	
18	A.	practices and NRC operating requirements impact the availability of the Company's
18	A.	practices and NRC operating requirements impact the availability of the Company's nuclear system. Over the course of the years of operating the nuclear fleet the
18 19 20	A.	practices and NRC operating requirements impact the availability of the Company's nuclear system. Over the course of the years of operating the nuclear fleet the Company's nuclear performance has improved dramatically. In particular, shorter
18 19 20 21	A.	practices and NRC operating requirements impact the availability of the Company's nuclear system. Over the course of the years of operating the nuclear fleet the Company's nuclear performance has improved dramatically. In particular, shorter refueling outages and improved forced outage rates have contributed to increasing
18 19 20 21	A.	practices and NRC operating requirements impact the availability of the Company's nuclear system. Over the course of the years of operating the nuclear fleet the Company's nuclear performance has improved dramatically. In particular, shorter refueling outages and improved forced outage rates have contributed to increasing the capacity factors achieved by the Company's nuclear fleet to consistently above
18 19 20 21 22 23	A.	practices and NRC operating requirements impact the availability of the Company's nuclear system. Over the course of the years of operating the nuclear fleet the Company's nuclear performance has improved dramatically. In particular, shorter refueling outages and improved forced outage rates have contributed to increasing the capacity factors achieved by the Company's nuclear fleet to consistently above 90% in recent years. Duke Energy Carolinas continues to be a leader in nuclear

additional focus on pre-outage planning and milestone adherence through a fleetwide approach to outage planning.

In general, if an unanticipated issue is discovered while a unit is offline for a scheduled outage that has the potential to become an online reliability issue, the outage is usually extended to take the time to perform necessary maintenance or repairs prior to returning the unit to service. It is our belief that such extensions during non-peak periods result in longer continuous run times and fewer forced outages thereby reducing fuel costs in the long run. In the event that a unit is forced off line, every effort is made to safely return the unit to service as quickly as possible.

There were five refueling and maintenance outages during the actual period, including four that were extended or delayed due to various reasons. The Catawba Unit 2 fall outage included work necessary for completion of the NRC-required sump modification. The Oconee Unit 3 fall outage, which included necessary refurbishment work, met or exceeded six of seven outage goals. During the McGuire Unit 2 spring outage, the unit was forced off line immediately after being returned to service as a result of the failure of a condenser cooling water valve to operate, which resulted in four forced outage days. The outage was further delayed because of an equipment issue encountered during leak testing. The Oconee Unit 1 spring outage was extended just over twenty days as a result of reactor coolant pump seal failures during the unit shutdown for refueling, which required major modifications to resolve. Finally, the Catawba Unit 1 spring outage was delayed briefly because of an equipment-related issue experienced during start up. Jones

1		Exhibit 2 shows the dates of and explanations for all outages of a week or more in
2		duration experienced during the actual period.
3	Q.	MR. JONES, DID THE DROUGHT CONDITIONS DESCRIBED BY
4		WITNESS ROEBEL HAVE ANY IMPACT ON NUCLEAR
5		PERFORMANCE IN THE ACTUAL PERIOD?
6	A.	No, they did not. However, in order to ensure that generation is available if drought
7		conditions continue or reoccur in the future, the Company spent approximately \$8.5
8		million on piping modifications at McGuire. The modifications allow for operation
9		of the McGuire units at lake elevations up to 15 feet below full pond, which would
10		enable continued operations if Lake Norman elevations were to drop 8 feet below
11		the prior administratively controlled elevation. This work was completed during the
12		Spring 2008 refueling and maintenance outage.
13	Q.	PLEASE DISCUSS THE PLANNED OUTAGE SCHEDULE FOR THE
14		JUNE 2008 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 2009 FORECAST PERIOD.
15	A.	Jones Exhibit 3 shows the dates of and explanations for forecast outages of a week
16		or more in duration. ***BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL***
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		

- 1
- 2 ***END CONFIDENTIAL***
- MR. JONES, DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY? 3 Q.
- Yes, it does. A.

DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS SOUTH CAROLINA FUEL CLAUSE 2008 ANNUAL FUEL HEARING NUCLEAR PLANT PERFORMANCE CAPACITY FACTOR 7/07 - 5/08

1	Nuclear System Actual Net Generation During Test Period 51,563,386		
2	Total Number of Hours During Test Period	8,064	
3	Nuclear System MDC During Test Period	6,996.0 MW	
4	Reasonable Nuclear System Reductions	6,225,190 MWH	
5	Nuclear System Capacity Factor $\left[\frac{1}{((2*3)-4)}\right]*100$	<u>102.74</u> %	

JONES EXHI

DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS SOUTH CAROLINA FUEL CLAUSE 2008 ANNUAL FUEL HEARING NUCLEAR PLANT PERFORMANCE

Nuclear Outages Lasting One Week Or More - Actual Period

<u>Unit</u>	Date of Outage	Explanation of Outage
Oconee 1 (a)	04/12/08-05/31/08	Scheduled Refueling and Equipment Refurbishment - EOC 24; includes a 20 1/2 day delay due to reactor coolant pump seal failures during shutdown for refueling
Oconee 3	10/27/07-12/19/07	Scheduled Refueling - EOC 23; includes a 3 1/2 day delay due to equipment repair
McGuire 2	03/01/08-04/17/08	Scheduled Refueling - EOC 18; includes a 5 day extension due to emergent operations testing activities due to equipment issues and a 4 day delay due to failure of a condenser cooling water valve to operate
Catawba 1 (b)	5/03/08-05/31/08	Scheduled Refueling - EOC 17
Catawba 2	09/15/07-11/16/07	Scheduled Refueling - EOC 15; includes a 6 day extension primarily attributed to the containment integrated leak rate test (ILRT) results and the NRC required containment sump modification

(a) Note: Refueling concluded on June 1, 2008(b) Note: Refueling concluded on June 21, 2008

CONFIDENTIAL JONES EXHIBIT 3

DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS SOUTH CAROLINA FUEL CLAUSE 2008 ANNUAL FUEL HEARING NUCLEAR PLANT PERFORMANCE Nuclear Outages Lasting One Week Or More - Forecast Period

Date of Outage Explanation of Outage

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